Actual CLAT 2014

ANSWER KEY

1.	4	41.	2	81.	3	121.	4	161.	1
2.	1	42.	3	82.	4	122.	4	162.	2
3.	2	43.	1	83.	1	123.	1	163.	2
4.	4	44.	2	84.	1	124.	4	164.	1
5.	4	45.	4	85.	3	125.	4	165.	2
6.	2	46.	2	86.	4	126.	2	166.	1
7.	4	47.	2	87.	3	127.	2	167.	4
8.	2	48.	3	88.	4	128.	4	168.	2
9.	1	49.	1	89.	4	129.	1	169.	2
10.	2	50.	1	90.	3	130.	4	170.	1
11.	3	51.	3	91.	4	131.	1	171.	3
12.	4	52.	2	92.	1	132.	4	172.	4
13.	1	53.	4	93.	3	133.	2	173.	1
14.	4	54.	3	94.	3	134.	2	174.	2
15.	4	55.	4	95.	2	135.	3	175.	2
16.	3	56.	1	96.	3	136.	1	176.	2
17.	4	57.	2	97.	3	137.	2	177.	3
18.	2	58.	4	98.	4	138.	3	178.	2
19.	1	59.	4	99.	1	139.	4	179.	2
20.	3	60.	1	100.	2	140.	1	180.	1
21.	4	61.	3	101.	2	141.	3	181.	3
22.	2	62.	4	102.	4	142.	1	182.	2
23.	1	63.	2	103.	3	143.	2	183.	2
24.	4	64.	2	104.	2	144.	1	184.	3
25.	2	65.	4	105.	1	145.	4	185.	1
26.	1	66.	4	106.	3	146.	3	186.	2
27.	3	67.	3	107.	3	147.	1	187.	2
28.	4	68.	2	108.	4	148.	2	188.	3
29.	1	69.	1	109.	4	149.	1	189.	1
30.	2	70.	4	110.	1	150.	4	190.	1
31.	3	71.	4	111.	2	151.	3	191.	2
32.	2	72.	3	112.	4	152.	4	192.	3
33.	4	73.	2	113.	4	153.	2	193.	2
34.	1	74.	2	114.	3	154.	2	194.	1
35.	3	75.	3	115.	2	155.	3	195.	3
36.	4	76.	3	116.	2	156.	1	196.	2
37.	4	77.	4	117.	4	157.	3	197.	3
38.	3	78.	4	118.	4	158.	4	198.	1
39.	1	79.	3	119.	3	159.	4	199.	3
40.	2	80.	2	120.	3	160.	3	200.	1

1.	The correct spelling of the word is 'Consensus'.
2.	The correct spelling of the word is 'Proceed'.
3.	The correct spelling of the word is 'Accommodate'.
4.	The correct spelling of the word is 'Foreword'.
5.	The correct spelling of the word is 'Argument'.
6.	To make clean breast of means 'to tell the truth about. Something so that you no longer feel guilty'. Hence; option (A) is the correct answer.
7.	'A man of straw' means 'a person of little substance Hence, option (C) is the correct answer.
8.	'A wild-goose chase' means 'a search for something that is impossible for you to find or that does not exist and which makes you waste a lot of time'. Hence, option option (D) is the correct answer.
9.	'Put on the market' means 'to offer for sale'. Hence, option (A) is the correct answer.
10.	'To meet someone halfway' means 'to reach an agreement with somebody by giving them part of what they want'. Hence, option (B) is the correct answer.
11.	The passage talks about the role higher education plays in the development of the India, the quiet crisis in higher education in India and the challenges that impede the process of improvement and the spread of higher education in the country. Hence, option (C) is the correct answer.
12.	The passage analyzes and criticizes the existence of insufficient number of Universities to provide higher education in India and also states that the quality of education provided in most of them is not up to the mark. Hence, option (B) is the correct answer. Option (A) is incorrect because the theme/content of the passage is academic but the manner/style in which the passage is written cannot be called academic.
13.	Refer to the following: sentence from the fourth paragraph, "It is only an inclusive society that can provide the foundations for a knowledge society." Hence, option (D) is the correct answer.
14.	Option (A) is incorrect because the first paragraph of the passage describes IITs and IIMs as "islands of excellence". Therefore, option (A) is the correct answer. Option (B) is true as evidenced from the following sentence of the second paragraph, "The proportion of our population,..that enters the world of higher education is around 7 per cent, which is only one half the average of Asia." Option (C) is true as the passage talks about the importance of primary and higher education being essential for the growth of a country.
15.	The passage describes the sorry state of affairs concerning higher education in India and the need for improvement in this field. Hence, option (C) is the correct answer.
16.	Option (D) is false because it is not mentioned anywhere in the passage. Hence, it is the correct answer. All other options are true because the passage states the need of existence of excellent institutes, massive expansion of opportunities and substantial improvement in the quality of higher education.
17.	Options (A), (B) and (C) are all correct because the passage states that "primary education is absolutely essential because it is the base", "universities are the life-blood of higher education" and "transformation of economy and society in the 21st century would depend, in significant part, on the quality of education ...particularly in the sphere of higher education". Hence, option (D) is the correct answer.
18.	Refer to the following sentence from the first paragraph, "Islands of excellence in professional education, such as Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) and Indian
	Institutes of Management (IIMs), are valuable complements but cannot be substitutes for universities which provide educational opportunities for people at large." From this, we can infer that the passage states that not all universities should be modeled on these premier institutes. Hence, option (C) is the correct answer.
19.	'Cutting Edge' means highly advanced; innovative or pioneering. So, 'conventional' is its apt antonym. Hence, option A is the correct answer.
20.	'Discernible' means visible or noticeable. Hence, option B is the correct answer.
21.	Since the sentence states that the action of 'proposing a vote for thanks' was done at some point of time (at the end of the meeting) in the past, we will use the simple past tense. Hence, option (D) is the correct answer. Option (A) is incorrect because the subject 'vote' is singular and so it should not be followed by a plural verb 'were'. Option (B) is incorrect because the correct phrase is 'vote of thanks', which refers to an informal vote to thank some chairman or other officer of an organization for the work he has done on the organization's behalf. Option (C) is incorrect because the action (proposing a vote for thanks) did not happen at some point in the past before some action or time in the past (as it happens in the case of simple past tense).
22.	According to the sentence, recession will force companies to lay off/dismiss their workers or the companies will be forced/compelled to lay off their workers. Hence, option (A) is the correct answer. Option (B) is incorrect because the phrase 'will have the force to' is grammatically incorrect in the given context. Option (C) is incorrect because the sentence does not mean that the companies will dismiss its employees willingly but that recession will force the companies into doing it. Option (D) is incorrect because the correct phrase would have been "companies will be forced into laying off workers".
23.	Option (B) is the correct answer because 'to have good command over a language' means to have good amount of knowledge to use that language. Option (A) is incorrect because 'expertise' is not followed by 'over' but 'in'. Options (C) and (D) are incorrect because it is incorrect to say that one has 'control/authority' over language to mean that one has good knowledge of some language.
24.	Option (D) is the correct answer because the profitability of the industrial plant is likely to have increased (after the manager took over the administration) as the Chairman spoke in 'favour[1]' of the manager. Option (B) is logically incorrect due to the same reason. Option (A) is incorrect because an industrial plant can start to make profit but we can't say that its 'profitability has arisen[1]'. Option (C) is inappropriate because 'added' cannot be used in this context to mean 'increased'.
25.	In positive and neutral contexts, the correct placement of pronouns in a statement is in the following order : 2nd person pronoun → 3rd person pronoun → 1[M] person pronoun. For example - You, he (any name) and I will be responsible for the decorations. Also, in this context, 'Rohan and I' are subjects who performed the action of 'going to Paris' not objects on whom the action was performed, so T (used for subjects) and not 'me' (used for objects) is appropriate here; Hence, option (D) is the correct answer and all other options are incorrect.
26.	'Shall' is the helping verb (generally used with first person pronouns like T and We[1]) in question tags to politely seek permission. For example -1 was thinking of borrowing your dress, shall I/may I? Hence, option (B) is the correct answer. Option (A) would have been correct if the sentence were to be - We can't go for a walk, can we?' Option (G) would have been correct if the sentence were to be - We can go for a walk, can't we?' Option (D) would have been correct if the sentence were to be We should go for a walk,

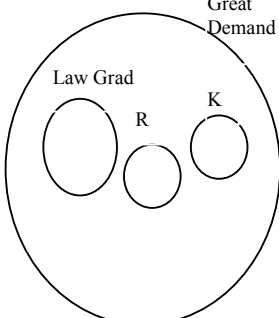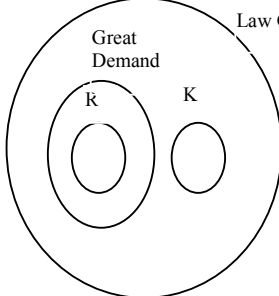|	
	shouldn't we?'
27.	In case of conditional sentences of the type 'If X had existed (or Had X existed), Y would have happened', we use: 'had + verb form 3' (had existed) in the conditional phrase and 'would have + verb form 3' (could have happened) in the other phrase. For example - $\overline{\text{had I}}$ / $\overline{\text{If I had}}$ owned a house last week. Hence, option (D) is the correct answer. Option (A) is incorrect because 'been', which is generally followed by 'verb form 1 + ing', is inept in this context. Here, the action of Anil having 'missed the train' is not a continuous action^ Option (B) is incorrect because 'had not' does not connote' 'past possibility'. Option (C) is incorrect because the action would have happened in the past while 'will' suggests future.
28.	Option (B) is the correct answer because an infection can spread 'across/throughout' the state. Option (A) is incorrect because 'over[1]' which means 'at a position above or higher than' is logically inept in this context. Option (C) is incorrect because an infection cannot spread 'far the state'. Option (D) is incorrect because the sentence does not mean that the state is the place from where the infection is spreading to villages. Also, 'something spreads from somewhere to/till some other place'.
29.	Option (A) is the correct answer because 'cut off', which means separated is logically correct in this context. 'Cut down' means to make something fall down by cutting it at the base; 'cut away' means to remove something from something by cutting and 'cut out' means to remove something from something larger by cutting, usually with scissors.
30.	Options (B) and (C) are equally good because dissidents by virtue of holding different opinions can both 'cause' and 'pose' (be a great problem themselves) a great problem in every political party. So, although according to the answer key released by CLAT, option (B) is the correct answer but there is no reason to negate option (C) and choose (B) over it. Option (A) is incorrect because one can get rid of 15. D one's problems by giving them to somebody else but we cannot use 'give' in this context to express 'cause'. Option (D) is incorrect because it is meaningless to say that dissidents 'hold' great problems in parties.
31.	The correct sequence is acbd. Statements (a) and (c) form a mandatory pair. Statement (a) discusses the system of rate of exchange i.e., there is a certain value of one currency with respect to that of another and statement (c) gives its example. Statements (b) and (d) form a mandatory pair because statement (b) 16. states that the rate of exchange changes from time to time and statement (d) gives an example of it. Since 17. ' only option (C) exhibits such a pairing, it is the correct answer.
32.	The correct answer is option (D) as the correct sequence is bead. Statements (b) and (c) form a mandatory pair because the 'it' in (c) refers to the 'newly coined word' referred to in statement (b). Statement (c) should be followed by statement (a) because the former talks about noting down the newly coined word on a citation slip and the latter talks about arranging these citation slips when editing a dictionary. Statement (d) should come in the end because it concludes the idea (of passing of a word from the realm of hearing to that of writing) talked about in (b), (c) and (a).
33.	The correct sequence is cdab. Statement (c) should be followed by statement (d) because the former talks about the existence of corruption at all levels and the latter carries forward the idea by stating that such corrupt people have also been brought to the book.; Statement (d) should be followed by statement (a) because (d) talks about offenders not being given deterrent punishment and (a) gives its reason. Statement (a) should be

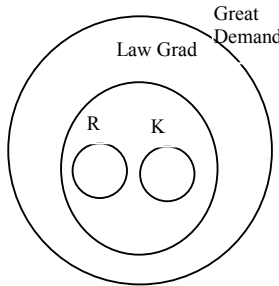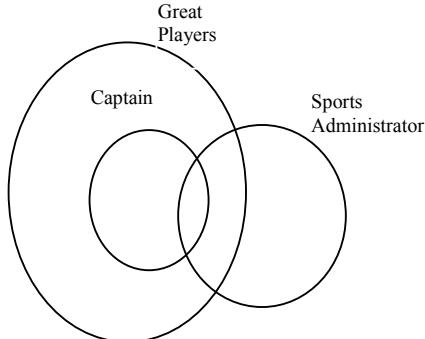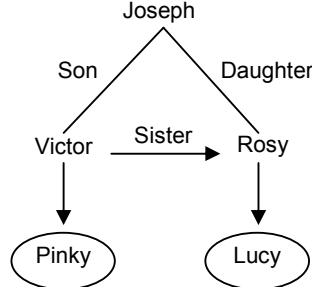|	
	followed by statement (b) because (a) talks about people not checking corruption and (b) gives a consequence of it. Hence, option (A) is the correct answer.
34.	The correct sequence is dabc. Statement (d) is an apt beginning of the paragraph as it is a general statement that introduces the main idea - value of conventions in everyone's life. Statement (d) should be followed by statement (a) because (d) talks about conventions being necessary part of everyone's life and (a) carries the idea forward by telling what these conventions are. Statement (a) should be followed by statement *(b)* because (a) describes conventions as accepted rules (which may be considered absolute) and (b) immediately disclaims that these rules are not absolute but vary. Statement (b) should be followed by statement (c) because (c) further states how these conventions vary. Hence, option (D) is the correct answer.
35.	The correct sequence is cbad. Statements (c) and (b) form a mandatory pair because 'this' in (b) refers to 'study of nightmares being neglected' discussed in (c). Statement (b) should be followed by statement (a) because (b) talks about the fact that the study of nightmares is not neglected like before and (a) gives its example. Statements (a) and (d) form a mandatory pair because the 'results' in (d) refer to those of 'studies' referred to in (a). Hence, option (D) is the correct answer.
36.	"Ex officio' means by virtue of one's position or status
37.	'Ultra Vires' means beyond one's legal power or authority.
38.	'Quid pro quo' means a favour or advantage granted in return for something
39.	'Inter vivos' means between living people.
40.	'Corpus juris' means a body of law, especially the laws of a nation or state.
41.	The average age of the whole class $$= \frac{30 \times 10 + 40 \times 8}{30 + 40} = 8.86 \text{ years.}$$
42.	Let the total income be Rs. x $$\therefore \ x - \left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{x}{4} \right) = 630 \Rightarrow x = 1512$$ House rent $= \frac{1512}{4} = 378$
43.	The average speed (in km/h) $= \frac{2 \times 30 \times 40}{30 + 40} \approx 34.3$
44.	The required ratio $= 8 \times 7 : 5 \times 9 = 56 : 45$ So, there is a decrease in wage bill in the ratio 56 : 45.
45.	Father's present age $= 2 \times 20 + 3 = 43$ years. The father's age when the daughter was born $= 43 - 20 = 23$ years.
46.	$A \times 0.80 = B \times 0.20 \Rightarrow B = 4A \Rightarrow 5x\%$ of $A = 4A \Rightarrow x = 80$
47.	Let the amount of water to be added be x L. $$\therefore \ \frac{0.1 \times 40 + x}{40 + x} = \frac{20}{100} \Rightarrow x = 5$$
48.	The part of work done by A and B together in one day $$\frac{1}{20} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{7}{60}$$ The required number of days $= \frac{60}{7} = 8\frac{4}{7}$
49.	Let the distance be x km. $$\therefore \ \frac{x}{(5-1)} - \frac{x}{(5+1)} = 3 \Rightarrow x = 36$$
50.	The ratio of investment of A to B = $5000 \times 12 : 6000 \times 7 = 10 : 7$. Share of A $= \frac{10}{17} \times 34000 = 20000$ And share of B $= 14000$.

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51.	Let the total number of goats be x and that of hens be y. $\therefore$ x + y = 80 and 4x + 2y = 200 Solving the above equation, we get x = 20.
52.	The side of the filed = $\sqrt{324}$ = 18m Perimeter = 4 × 18 = 72m
53.	The volume of metal = outer volume – inner volume = $30 \times 20 \times 10 - (30-2) \times (20-2) \times (10-2)$ = 1968 cm^3
54.	The required difference is interest on first year's interest, i.e. 8%of {8% of 2000 }, $$P\left(\frac{r}{100}\right)^2 = 2000 \times \left(\frac{8}{100}\right)^2 = 12.8 \approx 13$$
55.	Let the CP of the goods be Rs. 100. SP = 100 × 1.2 × 0.9 = 108. Percentage profit = 8.
56.	Let the number of Rs. 10 and Rs. 20 notes be x and y respectively. $\therefore$ x + y = 150 and 10x + 20 y = 2000 Solving the above equation, we get x = 100.
57.	Each term of the sequence is as follows: $19 \xrightarrow{+10} 29 \xrightarrow{+8} 37 \xrightarrow{+6} 43 \xrightarrow{+4} 47$ So, the next term is 47.
58.	The required probability $= \dfrac{1}{5000} \times \dfrac{1}{20000} \times \dfrac{1}{100} = \dfrac{1}{10000000000}$
59.	$5 + 12 \times 10 \div \dfrac{120}{240} = A \times 10$ $\Rightarrow 5 + 12x10 \div \dfrac{1}{2} = A \times 10$ $\Rightarrow$ 5+12x5= Ax10 5+60=Ax10 65=Ax10 A = 6.5
60.	LCM of 0.12, 9.60 and 0.60 $= $ LCM of $\dfrac{3}{25}, \dfrac{48}{5}$ and $\dfrac{3}{5}$ $= \dfrac{\text{LCM } (3, 48 \text{ and } 3)}{\text{HCF of } (25, 5 \text{ and } 5)} = \dfrac{48}{5} = 9.6$
61.	Justice Kuldip Singh is known as the 'Green Judge' as he has created fear among the polluting industries and anti-environment lobbies, including, bureaucracy has petitioned the apex court for justice.
62.	National Law Day in India Is celebrated on 26 November. It marks the anniversary of the drafting of the constitution by the constituent assembly in 1949.
63.	*The* DRDO was formed in 1958 following the merger of the Technical Development Establishment (TDE) of the Indian Army, the Directorate of Technical Development & Production (DTDP) and the Defense Science Organisation (DSO).
64.	*The* Reserve Bank of India was established on April 1,1935 in accordance with the provisions of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Though originally privately owned, since nationalisation in 1949, the Reserve Bank is fully owned by the Government of
65.	One of the most common and popular mudras, which are found, depicted in Buddha statues is the Bhumisparshamudra, translated as the earth touching gesture. Buddha statues with this mudra are commonly known as the "earth-witness" Buddha and these iconographic representations are one of the most popular Buddhas you can find anywhere in the world.
66.	The right to vote is the fundamental right that has been
	the source of the most significant Supreme Court litigation. Rights and Duties are inseparable. So as we have Fundamental Rights that we can enjoy there are also some Fundamental Duties that we must follow & do. It is very true that the original constitution didn't contain fundamental duties. The 42nd Constitutional Amendment, 1976, has added it to the constitution.
67.	The Ashokan inscriptions were I two scripts. Kharoshti in the north-western version and Brahmani in the rest. This script is known to write from right to left. Brahmi, written from left to right is ascribed to Brahma who, in iconic terms, is shown to hold a sheaf of palmleaves in his right hand.
68.	In 1615 Sir Thomas Roe was instructed by King James I to visit the Mughal Emperor Jahangir, who ruled over 70% of the Indian subcontinent. The meeting was a success and a commercial treaty was made which gave the British East India Company exclusive rights to trade to and from India and England. Emperor Jahangir sent a letter to the King through Sir Thomas Roe.
69.	Sir Charles Wilkins was an English typographer and Orientalist, notable as the first translator of Bhagavad Gita into English in 1785 in London, England.
70.	a-1, b-4, c-2 Chandrakanta is a popular Hindi novel by Devaki Nandan Khatri. It is considered to be the first work of prose in the modern Hindi language. Durgeshnandini is a Bengali historical romance novel written by Indian writer Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay in 1865. Premchand wrote over three hundred short stories and fourteen novels, many essays and letters, plays and translations, "seva Sadan", the novel was originally written in Urdu under the title Bazaar-e-Husn, but was first published in Hindi from Calcutta, under the title Seva Sadan ("The House of Service"), in 1919.
71.	a-2, b-3, c-4, d-1 Nagendra Singh was an Indian lawyer and" administrator who served as President of the International Court of Justice from 1985 to 1988. Sarosh Homi Kapadia was the thirty-eighth Chief Justice of India. N. R. Madhava Menon is a legal educator from India. He was instrumental in setting up the National Law School of India University (NLSIU) in Bangalore, and was its founder-director. He was the founder and vice-chancellor of West Bengal National University of Juridical Sciences (NUJS) in Calcutta, run on the NLSIU model. He was the founder Director of the National Judicial Academy, Bhopal, and an institute for training judges. Madhava Menon has worked for nearly five decades to improve Indian legal education. He is Scholar-in-Residence of Faculty of Law; A.M.U. Veeravalli Sundaram Sampath is the current chief election commissioner (CEC) of the Election Commission of India.
72.	Justice HR Khanna was never a Chief Justice of India.
73.	The Attorney General for India is the Indian government's chief legal advisor, and its primary lawyer in the Supreme Court of India. He is appointed by the President of India and holds office during the pleasure of the President. M C Stelvad was the first Attorney- General of India (1950-1963).
74.	Under the leadership of Gandhiji, the Civil Disobedience Movement was launched in AD 1930. It began with the Dandi March. On 12 March 1930, Gandiji with some of his followers left the Sabarmati Ashram at Ahmedabad and made their way towards Dandi, a village on the west coast of India. After travelling for twenty-five days and covering a distance of three hundred and eighty-five kms, the group reached Dandi on 6 April 1930. Here, Gandhiji protested against the Salt Law (salt was a monopoly of the government and no one was allowed to make salt) by making salt himself and throwing up a challenge to the British government. The Dandi March signified the start of the Civil Disobedience Movement.
75.	a-2, b-4, c-3, d-1

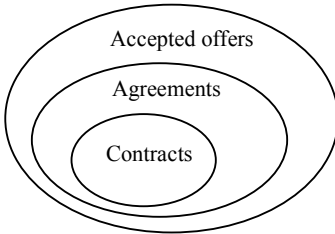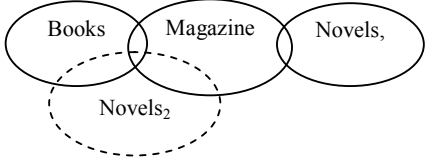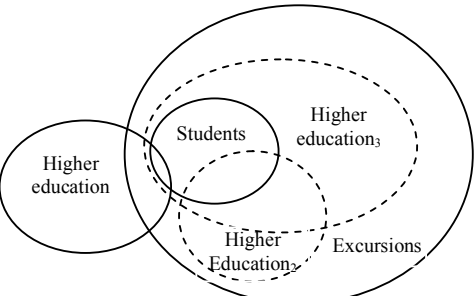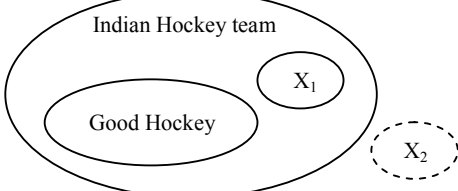|			
	a. Dandi March-Illegal manufacture of salt b. Chauri-Chaura - Withdrawal of movement c. Simon Commission -Country-wise agitation d. Morley Minto Reforms - Communal Electorate.	90.	The Chronological sequence of the persons who visited India at one time or another is: Meghasthanese – Fa-Hien – Hiuen-Tsang – I-Tsing (Yijing)
76.	The planet with the most moons in the Solar System is Jupiter, with a total of 63 confirmed moons (as of 2009). Eight of Jupiter's moons are regular satellites, with 4 large, spherical moon, and 4 smaller moons that orbit closer to Jupiter. Jupiter has an additional 55 tiny irregular satellites.	91.	Bengal Gazette (founded in 1779) was the first newspaper of India published in Calcutta, the editor of which was James Augustus Hickey who was a pioneer in bringing the start of journalistic activities in the country.
77.	In most countries, interest rates on savings bank accounts are set by commercial banks based on market conditions. In India, RBI fixes the interest rate on savings accounts in all the nationalized commercial banks.	92.	The color of a star is linked to its temperature and its temperature is linked to what processes are taking place in and on the surface of the star. Stars evolve during their lives, going through different phases of elements burning. Say a star has finished burning its hydrogen and goes to the helium burning phase, this will change the temperature (hence the color) of the star.
78.	All of these. Water, Ether, Ethanol, Toluenep Chloroform and Ethanol are all used to dissolve other substances.	93.	To qualify as a planet in orbit around our Sun, a chunk of rock must have been made round by its own gravity; have cleared its neighbourhood of other debris; and not be a satellite of another planetary body. Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune all fulfill these criteria. But Pluto is just one of many bits of icy debris in orbit at the edge of our Solar System, known as trans-neptunian objects. Pluto's membership of the trans-neptunians disqualifies it from being a fully-fledged planet because it has not 'cleared its orbit'.
79.	It has been argued extensively whether viruses are living organisms. Most virologists consider them nonliving, as they do not meet all the criteria of the generally accepted definition of life. They are similar to obligate intracellular parasites as they lack the means for self-reproduction outside a host cell, but unlike parasites, viruses are generally not considered to be true living organisms. A primary reason is that viruses do not possess a cell membrane or metabolize on their own - characteristics of all living organisms. Since they can be Crystallized for years together, they remain inactive; and dormant without the host, this is a trait similar to that of non-living. Therefore, viruses can be considered both living and non-living.	94.	Dr. Raghuram Rajan assumed charge as the 23rd Governor of the Reserve Bank of India.
		95.	In a public interest litigation it was argued that "a Governor, as the Head of the State, holds a high constitutional office which carries with it important constitutional functions and duties; that the fact that the Governor is appointed by the President and that he holds office during the pleasure of the President does not make the Governor an employee or a servant or agent of the Union Government; and that his independent constitutional office is not subordinate or subservient to the Union Government and he is not accountable to them for the manner in which he carries out his functions and duties as Governor". Thus was submitted "a Governor should ordinarily be permitted to continue in office for the full term of five years; and though he holds office during the pleasure of the President, he could be removed before the expiry of the term of five years, only in rare and exceptional circumstances, by observing the following constitutional norms and requirements."
80.	Veteran poet and film lyricist Gulzar has been chosen for the coveted Dadasaheb Phalke Award for 2013- announced by the ministry of information and broadcasting. The multi-faceted Gulzar, whose real name is Sampooran Singh Kalra, is a lyricist, director, screenwriter, producer and poet. He is the 45th winner of the Dadasaheb Phalke Award.		
81.	India's largest paramilitary force CRPF has appointed five-time world boxing champion and Olympic bronze medallist Mary Kom as its brand ambassador.		
82.	The award can be considered to be conferred only if the recipient's name is published in The Gazette of India-a public journal and an authorised legal document of the Government of India, and a, recipients' register maintained under the, direction of the President. Till date (2014) 43 individuals have;' been bestowed the award including 11 posthumous declarations.		
		96.	G. Sankara Kurup, better known as Mahakavi G (The Great Poet G), was the first winner of the Jnanpith Award, India's highest literary award.
83.	Malala Yousafzai is a Pakistani school pupil and, education activist from the town of Mingora in the Swat District of Pakistan's northwestern Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province. She is known for her activism for rights to education and for women, especially ip the Swat Valley, where the Taliban had at times banned girls from attending school.	97.	a-2, b-3, c-1, d-4 a. Vishakhadatta-Drama b. Varahamihira-Astronomy c. Sushruta-Surgery d. Brahmagupta-Mathematics
84.	Arumdha S Bhaitacharya has taken over, as the new chairperson of the State Bank of India (SBI). She is the first 'woman to be appointed to the top job.	98.	The Arjuna Awards were instituted in 1961 by the government of India to recognize outstanding achievement in National sports. The award carries a cash prize of Rs. 500,000, a bronze statuette of Arjuna and a scroll.
85.	The Fourteenth Finance Commission has been set up under the Chairmanship of. Dr. Y.V. Reddy (Former Governor Reserve Bank of India].		
86.	Justice A.K.Mathur is the Chairperson of the Seventh Pay Commission.	99.	The economic growth rate projected by the IMF for India in the fiscal year 2014-15 is 5.4 percent.
87.	The United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO), French/Spanish/Portuguese acronym ONUDI, is a specialized agency in the United Nations system, headquartered in Vienna, Austria.	100.	Matteo Renzi, 39, has been sworn in as Italy's youngest prime minister ever.
88.	First Plan (1951-56), was based on Harrod-Domar Model. Community Development Program launched in 1952. It was focused on agriculture, price stability, power and transport. It was a successful plan primarily because of good harvests in the last two years of the plan.	101.	The Ashok Chakra is an Indian military decoration awarded for valor, courageous action or self-sacrifice away from the battlefield. It is the peace time equivalent of the Param Vir Chakra, and is awarded for the "most conspicuous bravery or some daring or pre-eminent valour or self-sacrifice" other than in the face of the enemy. The decoration may be awarded either to military or civilian personnel and may be awarded posthumously.
89.	Levying the higher duty on exports does not aid in improving India's balance of Payment.		
		102.	Hydrogen, being the lightest existing gas (14 times less dense than air), seems to be the most appropriate gas for lifting.

103.	Gregor Mendel is currently known as the father of modern genetics. This lesson goes through a brief history of his life, workings as a scientist, and his findings.
104.	International Women's Year (IWY) was the name given to 1975 by the United Nations. Since that year March 8 has been celebrated as International Women's Day, and the United Nations Decade for Women, from 1976-1985, was also established.
105.	A Automated teller machine is an electronic telecommunications device that enables the customers of a financial institution to perform financial transactions without the need for a human cashier, clerk or bank teller.
106.	The general elections for 2014 are taking place in 9 phases and encounters to be. the longest election poll in the country's history from 7th April to 12th May, 2014 to constitute 16th Lok Sabha in India. The voting is carried out in all 543 parliamentary constituencies of India for electing members of parliament in Lok Sabha.
107.	Justice Rajendra Mal Lodha, the senior most judge of the Supreme Court, was on Sunday sworn in as the 41st Chief Justice of India by President Pranab Mukherjee.
108.	The ninth Ministerial Conference of the WTO, held during 3 December - 6 December 2013, was concluded at Bali, Indonesia.
109.	The Nobel Prize in Literature 2013 was awarded to Alice Munro "master of the contemporary short story".
110.	ISRO's Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle, PSLV-C24, successfully launched IRNSS-1B, the second satellite in the Indian Regional Navigation Satellite System (IRNSS), on April 04, 2014 from Satish Dhawan Space Centre SHAR, Sriharikota.

111 - 113. The information given is summarized as follow:

Day	Persons	Subjects
Monday	Satish	English
Tuesday	Rajesh	Geology
Wednesday	Rehman	Zoology
Thursday	Rakesh	Physics
Friday	Vineet	Botany

111.	2
112.	4
113.	4
114.	**Option 1:** Here, we can make the following diagram: Great Demand Law Grad R K Rajesh and Krishna may or may not be law graduates. So, option 1 is wrong. **Option 2:** Here, we can make the following diagram: Law Grad Great Demand R K Clearly, this option is wrong.

Option 3: Here, we can make the following diagram:
Great Demand
Law Grad
R K

Clearly, Rajesh and Krishna are in great demand.
So, option 3 is true.

115.	Option 1: Here, we can make the following diagram: a :All captains are great players. c :Ritwik is a great player. d:Ritwik is a captain and successful sports administrator. As 'sports administration' is nowhere mentioned in the given statements. So, option 1 is not true. Option 2: Here, we can make the following diagram: Great Players Captain Sports Administrator Clearly, Some successful sports administrators are great players. Therefore, option 2 is true.

116 - 118. The information given is summarized as follow:

Day	Persons	Subjects
Monday	Satish	English
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116.	The English presentation is made on Monday.
117.	Vineet delivers presentation on Botany.
118.	Rakesh makes his presentation on Thursday.
119.	Since the man has no sister or brother, so the man's father's son is the man himself. Hence, the person in the photograph is his son.
120.	The son of only bothers of father's wife is the son of his maternal uncle. Hence, they are cousins.
121.	The wife of Bhurtiika's husband is Bhumika herself and her son's sister is her daughter.
122.	The family relation is represented below. Joseph Son / Daughter Victor — Sister → Rosy Pinky Lucy Hence, Joseph is the grandfather of Lucy.
123.	The daughter of Pramod's grandmother is his aunt and her only bother is father of Parmod.

124 - 128	The information given is summarized as follow: (Engineer, Red) Mohan Vanita (Teacher, Orange) Charan (CA, _ _ _) Namita (_ _ _, White) Raman (Principal, Black) Sarita (_ _ _, blue)
124.	Mohan is an engineer.
125.	The profession of Namita can't be determined.
126.	The two couples are Vanita-Mohan and Charan - Namita.
127.	There are three ladies in the family.
128.	Here, we can't determine which color does CA like. So, correct answer is none of these.
129.	The movement of the first bar B, and second bar B_2 is shown below The required distance = 150 – (25 + 25 + 35) = 65 km.
130.	Sitting arrangement is shown below. Hence, J is in South-West.
131.	The sitting positions of the persons and the direction they are facing is shown below. So, Vinay faces towards South.
132.	The standing position is as follow. Pavan Tavan Chavan Vipin Nakul Hence, Tavan is fourth from the right.
133.	The shadow of the pole fell exactly to right of Suraj. Hence, the sun is in the left of Suraj, so he must be facing north.

134 - 135	Let the age of the Jackson be x years and that Edward be y years. The age of Diana = 4x years The age of Stephen = 2y years. ∵ Jackson is older than Edward ∴ x > y
134.	Now, we have Diana = 4x Stephen = 2y Jackson = x Edward = y 1st statement is already given in the question. So,this can't be inferred. 2nd statement says 4x > 2y which is definitely true as x > y So, Statement 2 can be inferred.
135.	Clearly, both the statements are required to find the age of Diana.
136.	The pattern of the series is as follows: $$0 \xrightarrow{+3} 3 \xrightarrow{+5} 8 \xrightarrow{+7} 15 \xrightarrow{+9} 24$$ So, the next term is 24.
137.	The pattern of the series is as follows. $$8 \xrightarrow{+8} 16 \xrightarrow{+12} 28 \xrightarrow{+16} 44 \xrightarrow{+20} 64$$ So, the next term is 64.
138.	The pattern of the series is as follows: So, the next term is 336.
139.	The pattern of the series is as follows: $$P \xrightarrow{+3} S \xrightarrow{+3} V \xrightarrow{+3} Y$$ $$O \xrightarrow{+3} R \xrightarrow{+3} U \xrightarrow{+3} X$$ $$Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+3} W \xrightarrow{+3} Z$$ So, the next term is YXZ.
140.	The pattern of the series is as follows: $$A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$$ 1 3 6 10 15 21 So, the next term is U21.
141.	Just as an arrow is shot with a bow, a bullet is shot from a pistol.
142.	A Just as an eye winks, the heart beats/throbs. Option (C) is incorrect because the beating of the heart is not called pumping of the heart; the heart pumps blood in the arteries
143.	Just as an ocean comprises water, a glacier comprises ice.
144.	Just as 'prima facie' means 'on the first view', 'in part delicto' means is a legal term used to indicate that two persons or entities are equally at fault.
145.	Just as 'delusion' and 'hallucination' are synonyms, which refer to the experience involving the apparent perception of something not present, 'chagrin' is a synonym of annoyance. 'Cogent' means conclusive.

146.	 Accepted offers / Agreements / Contracts As we can see in the Venn diagram, option (C) follows and is therefore, the correct answer.
147.	As we can see in the Venn diagram, only option (A) follows and is therfore, the correct answer. 36
148.	As we can see in the Venn diagram, only conclusion (ii) follows and therfore, option (B) is the correct answer. Books / Magazine / Novels, / Novels$_2$
149.	 Higher education$_3$ / Students / Higher education / Higher Education$_2$ / Excursions As we can see in the Venn diagram, only conclusion (I) follows and therefore, option (A) is the correct answer.
150.	 Indian Hockey team / X_1 / Good Hockey / X_2 As we can see in the Venn diagram, neither of the conclusions follow and therefore, option (D) is the correct answer.
151.	A person has to signify his willingness to do or to abstain from doing anything to another person according to the principle. In the present scenario, is no proposal.
152.	As per the principle, in the case of arrangements regulating social relations, it follows as a matter of course that the parties do not intend legal consequences to follow. The present case is a general agreement regulating a social relation (father son relation.)
153.	Communication of acceptance to 'z', a complete stranger does not give rise to any legally binding obligation.
154.	Two years cannot be determined as a reasonable period of time taking into account that the equipment worth was Rs. 1000, which would vary due to various factors such as inflation etc. in two years of time.
155.	The agreement becomes void from the very beginning as 'A' is a minor.
156.	The consideration is real and it does not matter is it is adequate or not.
157.	The agreement is void as the object is unlawful and hence, cannot result into a contract.
158.	The agreement is void as the object is unlawful and hence, cannot result into a contract.

159.	Since consent of 'V' was obtained through coercion, the contracts becomes voidable at the option of 'Y'.
160.	This is an Agreement in restraint of marriage and hence is void (cannot be enforced in a court of law).
161.	X gave money to Y in his house not only because he was a cashier, but because he was his neighbor and X trusted him. Y as an employee was not told by the bank to collect money from X at his house. Therefore the Bank js not vicariously liable for the act of Y as it was committed outside the course of employment.
162.	The very Act of purchasing ticket match signifies 'X' consenting to the injury as it is common knowledge that in a cricket match, the ball, hit by batsmen does falls into spectator area occasionally.
163.	X does not have any remedy and will have to pay all his dues as he cannot take ignorance of law as a defence.
164.	It can be established that damage was being caused to ES as they had to reduce their school fee but at the same time it can also be established that there was no violation of legal rights of ES.
165.	There was no damage caused to A as the candidate he wanted to vote for won. But his legal right to vote was violated; therefore he has to be compensated.
166.	D would be liable as he published defamatory material against P and had no evidence to prove whatever he published was true.
167.	The principal clearly states that gift of future property would be void. Since the sale of adjacent land has not been completed, it would be considered a future property with respect to 'X' gifting it away.
168.	'A' should have been cautious and had tested out whether the cloth he is purchasing is fit for his purpose i.e. for making uniforms or not. Since he has not done that, therefore he cannot succeed in getting a remedy against the Seller.
169.	Since 'X' himself had obtained the bike illegally, he cannot sell the bike as an owner and therefore 'Y' has no title.
170.	It was failure on the part of manufacturer to exercise the standard of care required by law, resulting in damage to D who was the Consumer and was getting directly affected.
171.	The act of going for tea to a shop and picking up a fight is in no way connected to D's employment.
172.	It has been clearly provided in the principle that right to life does not include right to die and hence it cannot be granted.
173.	'A' was directly interfering with 'B's premises with the help of tangible object (stone).
174.	Had A directly planted a tree on B's land, it would have had amounted to trespass. However A planted a tree on his own land and consequently the branches started projecting on B's land which would amount to nuisance.
175.	The Action of R(taking out S's bike and not putting it back again) led to S's bike getting stolen away and hence amounts to conversion.
176.	Apprehending someone who has committed murder is not unlawful by a police officer even without a warrant.
177.	The act of killing Darshan was done togather in furtherance of a common intention and hence all of them would be liable.
178.	A was communicating his diagnosis to his patient in good faith which cannot amount to any offence.
179.	Sawant knowingly and willfully furnished false information to the magistrate of the murder happening on his property and hence is liable.
180.	K knows that his act of travelling while having cholera is likely to spread the infection of a disease dangerous to life and he still does it. Therefore, K is guilty.
181.	X's action of rash and negligent driving caused a pedestrian's death and hence he is guilty.
182.	A knew Z was behind the bush. He intentionally and knowingly made B to fire at the bush and hence A is

	guilty of culpable homicide.
183.	Z voluntarily gave the plate to A and it was not taken out of Z's possession without his consent. Therefore A has not committed theft.
184.	A used Z's seal in order to sell the estate to B. A has committed forgery.
185.	A stopped Z's ride by use of force in order to rob him. A is guilty of using criminal force on Z.
186.	Since B (16) is not of legal age (18), she is not eligible to marry under the special marriage Act.
187.	Rohit went to US with a reason and with the consent of his wife. This cannot amount to desertion.
188.	As per the principle a person once given in adoption cannot be given in adoption again. Hence first adoption i.e. adoption of Tarun by Manoj is valid.
189.	Sufficient work has been expended Michael in making the street directory.and hence it can be copyrighted.
190.	It does not matter whether X was physically present in India or not. The very fact the offence of cheating was committed in Bombay (India) makes him liable for cheating.
191.	All of them are guilty since they conspired to commit the crime even though no crime was committed or even attempted.
192.	Since X took the Watch away from Y without his consent, X is causing wrongful loss to Y.
193.	No person in his ordinary senses would have complaint of taking a plain sheet of paper from his drawer.
194.	Since X was insane his actions would not amount to an offence, still Y would get a chance to defend himself according to principle.
195.	Since Z (property) was transferred to A after B's death, such transfer shall, at the option of the transferee(C), operate on any interest which the transferor(A) may acquire in such property at any time during which the contract of transfer subsists.
196.	Since the deity is not a living person, X cannot transfer his property as this would be invalid according to the principle.
197.	There is no money involved and transfer of one property is being done in lieu of other. According to the principle this transaction is exchange.
198.	Even after not taking part in the selection process, Selection of A would be invalid.
199.	Closing down of the factory by the employer till the strike ends would amount to lock-out.
200.	Suspension is a dispute between workmen and employer which is connected with employment and non-employment of the workmen. Hence it can be brought under the purview of trade disputes.